

IMPACT OF COMMERCIAL BANKS' LENDING TO AGRICULTURAL SECTOR ON THE PERFORMANCE OF THE SECTOR: 2008:1-2017:4

 \mathbf{BY}

MUSOKE SAMUEL NAMWANJA

2016-HD06-1212U

212000196

A RESEARCH PAPER SUBMITTED TO THE DIRECTORATE OF RESEARCH
AND GRADUATE TRAINING IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF A MASTER OF ARTS DEGREE IN
ECONOMIC POLICY AND PLANNING OF MAKERERE UNIVERSITY

Abstract

Over the past decade, commercial bank credit to agriculture as a percentage of private sector credit

has continued to increase. On the contrary, growth in agricultural value added has exhibited a

constant trend. It is against this background that the study examined the impact of commercial bank

credit on the performance of agricultural sector in Uganda using quarterly data for the period

2008q1 to 2017q4. While using ARDL estimation technique, the study found commercial bank

credit to agriculture to have a positive but insignificant impact on the performance of the

agricultural sector in Uganda. Variables found to have a significant impact on the performance of

agricultural sector include growth in net capital stock, inflation, and lending rate with growth in net

capital stock having a positive relationship while inflation and lending rate have a negative impact.

Based on the findings, the study recommends realigning commercial bank credit to reach the

production base. This entails measures to reduce risks at the production stage (for example through

agricultural insurance). The study further recommends measures to reduce inflation rate and

commercial bank lending rate.

Key words: Agriculture, Credit, Value Added, Autoregressive Distributed Lag Model

χi